The Role of Political Parties In Democracy In Indonesia
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ABSTRACT.
Because elections will result in the election of new leaders who will be elected through general elections, the role of political parties is to influence the state of the nation and its future. General elections that lead the nation to new leadership and government with the hope that citizens want the new government to improve all aspects of life is what is meant by democratization in national life. Therefore, changes in state and national policies must not eliminate the role of political parties as people's democratic parties with various ideological visions and missions.

Keywords: Role, Political Parties, Democracy

INTRODUCTION
Since 1999, Indonesian democracy has developed through various processes imbued with the dynamics of democratic life. Since President Soeharto's administration, general elections to elect members of the DPR-RI, Provincial DPRD and Regency/Municipal DPRD have been held four times with four different presidents. The Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia has undergone many changes during its 16 years of democratization, including amendments to the 1945 Constitution, freedom of the press, distinction between civil and military, and the right to express opinions. One of the significant developments since the Reformation was the emergence of various political parties as a form of freedom of expression, association and assembly in 209 democratically elected countries.

By carrying out changes in the life of the nation and state that are long-term, comprehensive, directed and integrated as well as by increasing human resources, the Indonesian people want to realize the quality of life for Indonesian people who are advanced and prosperous in a democratic manner. They also want to realize people's welfare in all areas of life. A step that is more successful than the actualization of a development is the process of holding general elections (elections) which are the national agenda of the Indonesian people every five years through a democratic party and have been successfully contributed by a number of political parties. have a real effect on how changes in leadership at the national and local levels so that the democratic life of the nation and state of Indonesia can continue? A democratic nation will continue to exist as a nation that upholds the privileges and commitments of its citizens and provides opportunities for its citizens to take part in political cycles that will bring real improvements in all areas, one of which is vote-based progress and the arrangement of individual delegates to become members of the council and head of the situation politics in government because of racial equality (decision).

In addition, the participation of political parties in elections is inseparable from the election results. With various missions and visions aimed at achieving the welfare of the nation and state, this political party seeks to change the life of the nation.
The task of ideological groups is very influential on the condition and destiny of the country in the end, because the consequences of political race will create new authorities, who are elected through public decisions. One of the meanings of democratization in the life of the nation and state is holding general elections to elect leaders and government in the hope that the new government will make life better overall. As a consequence, changes in the direction of national and state policies cannot be separated from the political parties that are members of the People's Democratic Party which have various objectives and different visions based on the ideology used.

Parliament developed into a body authorized to exercise people's sovereignty by establishing general policies, in accordance with the idea of democracy. And present it as a constitution, which at first only had the power to grant privileges or life guarantees to limit the ability of the King to run the government.

As a result, political parties play an important role in the parliament, or legislature, which, together with the executive branch, determines the direction and goals of a nation. Each ideological group is expected to receive a lot of support from individuals because it brings with it the vision, mission and optimism to gain individual sympathy. As a result, in a democratic country with political parties, he will easily occupy a government position as a people's representative. This will help change people's views and people's politics.

RESEARCH METHODS

The qualitative descriptive research model is more prominent in this research analysis model. A research strategy known as the qualitative research model emphasizes participation, experience, and proximity to data. This study emphasizes sorting the truth and proving differentiating information. The research method is to describe, analyze, and interpret findings precisely and clearly.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Conception of Political Parties

Weber said that political parties are public organizations with the aim of placing their leaders in power and enabling their supporters (politicians) to obtain that support. Weber also argued that the type of associative social relations known as "political parties" would be referred to by the term "political parties" as membership based on free legal recruitment. These activities aim to empower the leadership of the company to gain the best advantage, whether that advantage comes in the form of implementing certain objective policies or obtaining personal gain or both.

The government forms politics as an organization to promote political parties whose membership is based on free recruitment. that politics, competitiveness, bargaining and negotiation are all influenced by political parties.

Budiardjo said that a political party is a collection of people who are organized and have the same views, set of values and aspirations. This group intends to carry out its strategy by obtaining political power and, usually, political office in accordance with the constitution. Subakti, on the other hand, argues that a political party is a well-organized group of members who share the same ideology.

Using elections to gain and maintain power in government, they develop alternative public policies. Alternative public policies developed are the result of the integration of various public interests, while elections and other legal means can be used to seek and maintain power to carry out public policies. According to Apter in Spiritual, Political parties are very important for politics, competitiveness, bargaining and negotiation. At parties, politicians have the ability to stay close to the public and present themselves in new ways in front of large audiences. On the other hand, when running for office, politicians are expected to prioritize larger interests. It's all part of the party game, even though some politicians clearly act this way and others don't.

According to rohit (2015), Soltau's argument is that political parties are groups of citizens who choose to control the government and implement its policies. Neumann, on the other hand, argues in
Budiardjo (2008) that political parties are groups of political activists who compete with other groups with opposing views to control government power and gain support.

**Roles and Functions of Political Parties**

In Spiritual, Apter asserts that political parties are very important for politics, competitiveness, bargaining and negotiation. Politicians can stay close to the public and present themselves in new ways in front of large crowds at parties. Politicians, on the other hand, are expected to prioritize larger issues when running for office. While some politicians clearly act this way and others don't, it's all part of the party game.

1. Political Socialization
   In particular, the means used by individuals in society to obtain political views and opinions. Community members acquire political attitudes and orientations through the process of political socialization. Through daily interactions and experiences, both in family and neighbor life and in community life, this process can be obtained either intentionally or unintentionally. It lasts forever.

2. Political Recruitment Facility
   In this scenario, political parties are used to elect individuals or groups of individuals to serve in various capacities within the government and the political system as a whole. The purpose of political registration is to identify and register the best citizens in order to become a unified ideological group as part of the axis and recovery of ideological groups. The formation of political parties is done so that the government can uphold the constitution and prevent disputes between citizens in a democratic society, where competition and differences are commonplace. For example, competition is a social process in which individuals or groups compete non-violently for profit while neglecting their daily needs.

3. Political Communication Facility
   Moreover, political parties exist for the purpose of promoting and discussing government plans and policies. Consequently, all government policies, which are usually written in technical language, can be translated into common language.

4. Means of Political Control
   To maintain a healthy balance in the administration of government, political parties must exercise political control or supervision. The ideal and desirable political values (ideologies) reflected in policies, laws, and regulations serve as standards for measuring political control.

**Political Party Goals**

a. The goals of political parties, namely (1) Recognizing the main ideology of the Indonesian state, as set forth in the Preamble to the 1945 Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia; (2) Fostering democratic life based on Pancasila in the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia by upholding people's sovereignty; (3) Realizing prosperity for the entire population of Indonesia.

b. Of course, political parties must be able to fulfill the aspirations of the people in their role in accordance with the general goals and specific goals mentioned above. Fighting for their ideals in society, nation and state is the specific goal of political parties. Never try to deceive the public; attempts to do so will result in a lack of support in the next general election and, ultimately, the abandonment of many of these political parties by constituents. Using political parties to resolve disputes. Competition and differences among people are common in democratic societies. Conflicts can arise between individuals and groups due to differences and competition of any kind. Political parties are responsible for finding solutions to disputes that may arise.

c. Political parties as a means of political socialization, also In addition, political parties provide a platform for political socialization. A person acquires an attitude and orientation towards political phenomena that usually apply to the society in which he is located through political socialization. Political education is another ongoing process that occurs from childhood to adulthood.
Political and Democratic Party

The embodiment of democracy as a concept that requires independence, freedom, wisdom, justice, balance, and other characteristics is highly dependent on political parties. This will become the basis for disciplining the state against its citizens towards a truly independent and dictatorial nation. Political parties need to work hard and always prioritize the welfare of the people because it is the people who make the decisions. Political parties must commit and continue to do so in accordance with the lines and objectives of the party or they risk being abandoned by their supporters or constituents if they do not carry out their roles and functions properly.

The idea of a democratic state should not be limited to democracy which only performs rituals in general elections and the election of public officials in today's world. In addition to holding general elections, the democratic system emphasizes substance and principle issues. In this case, political parties play an important role in democracy, especially in developing countries. refers to the opinion of Macridis in Muliansyah (2015) which states that a country that adheres to an authoritarian or traditional political system where the king or ruler who exercises his power is very dependent on the army or police cannot have a political system without political parties.

In this case, political parties are organizations that are transformed into political instruments for individuals from various walks of life to express their aspirations. They also run as candidates for state leaders who also link political action within the larger political community with social forces, ideology and official government institutions. Because, in a democratic country, the main goal of political parties is to win general elections and carry out their policies after coming to power. An association is expected to acquire government powers for both purposes. A unitary state government capable of carrying out its policy programs is built on the foundation of this organization.

CONCLUSION

One of the most important pillars of democracy - a concept that demands independence, freedom, wisdom, justice, balance, and so on is a political party. Political parties need to make commitments and continue to do so according to the direction of the party, or they risk being abandoned by their supporters or constituents if they do not carry out their roles and functions properly. Furthermore, the majority of government rules and ideological groups cannot be isolated. To establish a democratic state, political parties do not solely rely on their own interests. However, ideological groups must make solid efforts and consistently focus on government support of individuals because individuals follow choices. As a result, the ideological group must take responsibility, get the job done, and become the backbone of the majority government.

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